

ZYKLON B USED TO SAVE JEWISH LIVES, NOT ERADICATE THEM

According to holocaust mythology, during the mid-1940s millions of Jews, stripped naked and screaming, were crammed by the thousands into small gas chambers where the doors were locked and then a poisonous chemical, Zyklon B, was funneled into these rooms via fake showerheads or special ceiling chutes. Then, to maximize efficiency that would have been required to reach the six million total, almost immediately thereafter piles of these exterminated Jews were removed, only to have the same room systematically crammed full with more prisoners waiting to be murdered.



Of course, fans had to remove the poisonous Zyklon B fumes before German soldiers were able to enter the gas chambers and remove the corpses. Also, as mentioned earlier, star Nuremberg witness Rudolf Hoess "confessed" that these German guards would be smoking cigarettes and eating as they yanked bodies from the chambers only minutes after they'd been killed. Therefore, the employees at this facility alle-

gedly strolled into these chambers without wearing gas masks or any protective body wear.

Another man, Dr. C.S. Bendel, said that German workers entered the gas chambers only seven minutes after Zyklon B capsules were introduced. The problem with his story is that the granules would have only emitted a small portion of their contents in seven minutes. If hundreds of people were crammed into a tiny room, there's no possibility that Zyklon B could have killed them in such a short amount of time. Plus, would the Germans be that inept to enter a room where poisonous gasses were still being released?

Famed establishment historian William Shirer ascertained that gasses were injected into these rooms via overhead fake showerheads. But again, there's a slight problem. Since Zyklon B is a gas, it's lighter than air and would subsequently rise toward the ceiling, not the floor. If those trapped inside had scurried to the ground, they would have prolonged their ability to live. Furthermore, if more Jews were more tightly packed into these small rooms, the overall process used to allegedly kill them would be obviously slowed. This quandary raises even more doubts about the total six million number. Thus, the gas story proves especially troublesome.

- Zyklon B was manufactured to slowly emit its cyanide gasses. To murder six million Jews while at the same time verifying Hoess's testimony, German guards could not have wasted even a spare second in entering the gas chambers after Jews were supposedly killed. But, how could they have shoveled out hun-

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dreds of corpses piled on top of each other without these poisonous gasses also affecting them?

- Zyklon B designers went on record by saying that their product clung to clothes and skin. Now remember, Zyklon B is poisonous. They also added that it would take at least 24 hours before anyone could enter a room that had been fumigated with Zyklon B, and then only wearing the most protective clothing available, as well as filtered gas masks. One whiff of this cyanide gas trapped in clothing would have killed anyone coming into contact with it. Hoess's story must now be dismissed out-of-hand as untruthful. Further, with a 24-hour airing-out period, reaching the six million mark is impossible.

- Historians have stated that death chambers had air vents that released the Zyklon B fumes after thousands of Jews had been gassed. But when the designs of these camps were inspected, it became clear that hospitals stood adjacent to the supposed gas chamber facilities where poisonous gasses would have been released on an almost non-stop basis to kill six million people. With even one open window at the hospital or any other structure, everyone would have died from the vented poison.

- Cyanide is extremely dangerous. Corpses would have to remain untouched for at least an entire day before removal could begin. Plus, cyanide is explosive. If guards had been smoking cigarettes, as Hoess testified, they'd become instantaneously inflamed.

- With deceased bodies supposedly stacked by the hundreds inside these gas chambers, its logical to assume that hydrogen cyanide (HCN) would be trapped in countless air pockets among their bodies. Once

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German guards moved any of them, the HCN would have wafted into their mouths and noses, killing them in rather short fashion.

• To further this thought of Germans entering the chambers smoking and without protective clothing to drag out dead Jews, the DuPont Company Material Safety Data Sheet said the following of HCN, the primary component of Zyklon B. “HCN is unstable with heat and extremely flammable. It is a fast-acting poison and could be fatal if inhaled, swallowed, or absorbed through the skin.”

The following quotes also contradict the holocaust historians’ propaganda about Zyklon B.

The American Cyanamid Company, Linden, N.J.—“We knew of no chemical process whereby HCN (Zyklon B) may be made to become instantly gaseous upon exposure to air.” How can anyone believe claims that Zyklon B was introduced through showerheads, killing Jews within seven minutes?

Chemist Germar Rudolf—“For chemical-technical



Germar Rudolf

reasons, the claimed mass gassing with hydrocyanic acid in the alleged gas chambers in Auschwitz did not take place. The supposed facilities for mass killings in Auschwitz and Birkenau were not suitable for this purpose.” He added, “Whatever building one picks at Auschwitz, all are irreconcilable with the laws of physical science.”

There is not an autopsy in existence that proves Zyklon B was the agent used to kill Jews during WW II. In this light, Jewish holocaust historian Raul Hilberg testified under oath on Jan. 17, 1985, "There is no single scientific report that shows a gas chamber. I know of no autopsy."

★ Walter Luftl, president, Austrian Engineers Chamber—"Mass murder in the manner described with Zyklon B and with carbon monoxide cannot have taken place because it would violate the laws of nature and because the necessary technical and organizational prerequisites were lacking. The crematories could never have disposed of the number of victims. This may be considered proven by engineering science. Bodies are not a combustible material. Their cremation requires a great deal of time and energy."

In a Mar. 1992 report, Luftl referred to the elimination of Jews via Zyklon B as "technically impossible." He added, "Zyklon B is utterly unsuitable for the purposes of systematic mass murder."

★ Dr. William B. Lindsey—As a DuPont Corp. chemist for 33 years, he testified under oath in 1985, "I have come to the conclusion that no one was willfully or purposefully killed with Zyklon B [hydrocyanic acid gas] in this manner. I consider it absolutely impossible."

★ Dr. Charles Larson—A forensic pathologist that personally inspected war camps after WW II. After conducting over 100 autopsies at nearly two-dozen dif-

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ferent locales, Larson could not identify a single body whose death had been caused by gas poisoning.

Jean-Claude Pressac—A holocaust supporter, he still admitted that 95 percent of all Zyklon B was used for pest control purposes.

It is also known that one of Zyklon B's qualities is that it clings very strongly to the surfaces it comes into contact with. Ordinary ventilation systems or fans aren't capable of removing it from walls, floors and ceilings.

However, when Fred Leuchter examined the supposed death chambers and then sent his findings to laboratories to be inspected, they found no significant residue in any of the brickwork or masonry where Jews were allegedly exterminated with Zyklon B.

Traces of Zyklon B would have remained in the walls at Auschwitz and other camps for hundreds of years, yet scientists can't find it . . . at least not in the rooms where Jews were alleged to be murdered.

On the other hand, in the delousing rooms where clothes and blankets were doused, substantial concentrations of Zyklon B were readily discovered. What conclusions can be reached from this analysis? Zyklon B wasn't utilized to gas millions of Jews in tiny concentration camp rooms. Rather, the Germans used it to *assist* Jews and save their lives by delousing their clothes and bedding materials that were infected with lice that caused typhus.

As proof, all the rooms examined after WW II that were used as delousing chambers exhibited a bluish discoloration—referred to as Iron Blue—that is known

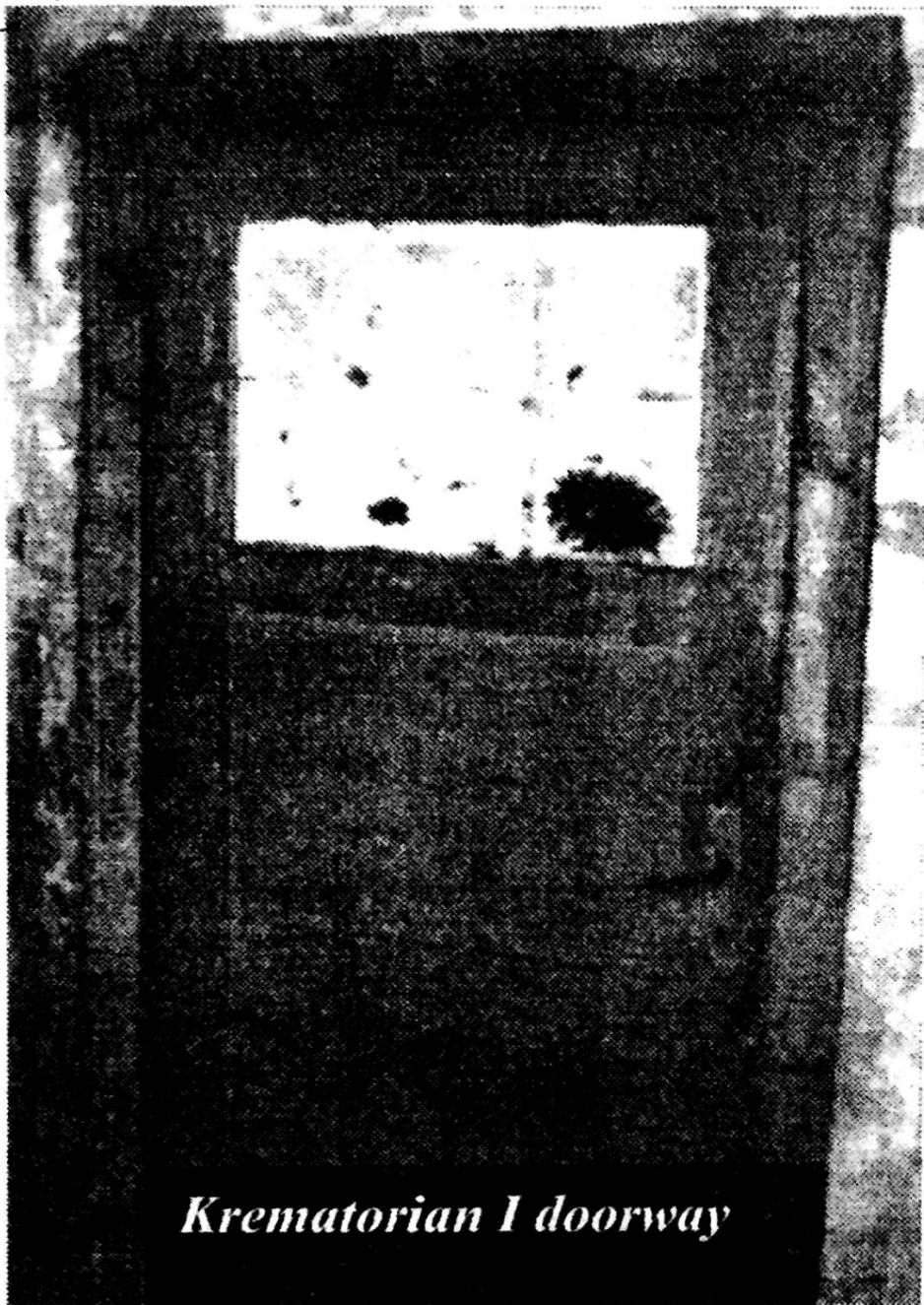
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to form after Zyklon B is used. In contrast, the supposed death rooms invariably did not show any signs of Iron Blue that results from chemical reactions via Zyklon B.

Under normal conditions, when Zyklon B is released and comes into contact with air, it takes approximately two hours for its contents to fully be exhausted. But so-called holocaust witnesses insisted that

after only 5-15 minutes Zyklon B asphyxiated hundreds of Jews, whereupon guards entered the room and dragged out the corpses—all the while these poisonous gasses continued to be released into the air.

Photographs from Krematorium 1 at Auschwitz show a flimsy door that, we're told,



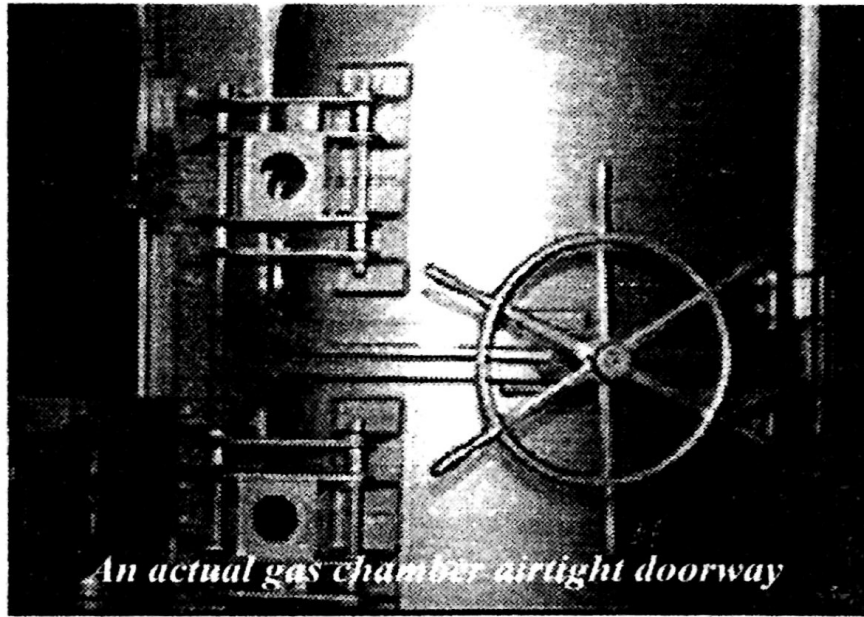
Krematorium 1 doorway

actually led to one of the gas chambers. Yet, this door is not airtight, not constructed with any sturdiness, and is outfitted with a keyhole. There's even a glazed window, and the door opened inward. If hundreds or thousands of corpses lay haphazardly inside this room, how

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could guards have entered, especially when those inside would naturally have gravitated toward the only exit, i.e. this noticeably flimsy door?

On the contrary, gas chamber doors used to lock-in American prisoners that were executed (i.e., capital punishment) during the 1950s-'70s were constructed of especially strong metal that sealed airtight like a vault to prevent the escape of toxic fumes. Such a scenario obviously makes perfect sense.



An actual gas chamber airtight doorway

So, to see these doors in comparison to the feeble ones at Auschwitz is startling, and their obvious differences are quite telling. None of the exhibits at Auschwitz, Birkenau and Majdanek reveals airtight doors or any semblance of proper ventilation systems compatible with the exhaust of Zyklon B after alleged victims were gassed.

At a bare minimum, it takes 20 hours to ventilate a room of Zyklon B, and only then when expert technicians monitor this highly complex process. Yet holocaust historians claim that mass murders took place at a helter-skelter pace with corpses and new victims being disposed of and ushered into these chambers at breakneck speed. To kill six million Jews, their efficiency would have had to exceed the 100 percent level.

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As alluded to earlier, the primary reason for Zyklon B's use was to combat a scourge known as typhus that was transmitted via fleas, rodents and lice. Typhus occurred when large numbers of people lived in cramped, unsanitary quarters. To eradicate this outbreak of vermin, especially among soldiers, prisoners and workers, the gas Zyklon B was utilized in special delousing quarters.

Because lice often hide in human hair, Jews, as well as other captives, had their heads shaved in order to improve the hygienic process's effectiveness. Further, nearly everyone in Germany had their personal belongings treated with Zyklon B, including sailors, laborers, those in hospitals, SS soldiers and everyday citizens.

To prove this crucial point, the German Wehrmacht possessed countless invoices, especially at work camps such as Theresienstadt and Oranienburg, where even holocaust historians admit that no "homicidal gassings" occurred.

At this time, we must ask: Why would these facilities—where absolutely no accusations of mass murder were ever levied—be using as much Zyklon B as camps such as Auschwitz? Quite simply, because it had never been intended to eradicate Jews, but instead to delouse them, and just about everyone else in Germany and other Axis-occupied areas.

Princeton University's Dr. Arno Mayer called the typhus epidemic "devastating," while Jean-Claude Pressac referred to it as "catastrophic." Pressac further explained, "Everything had to be deloused immediately: personal effects, barracks, buildings and work

ships. Tons of Zyklon B was needed to save the camps.”

As previously noted, Zyklon B is a slow-acting agent that takes hours to be fully released. If the Nazis had wanted to exterminate Jews at lightning speed, there were countless other poisonous chemicals that would have been inordinately more efficient. Or, why not simply put a bullet into their heads instead of supposedly corralling hundreds of hysterical Jews into tiny, cramped rooms?

Zyklon B *protected* the Jews from disease on a large scale. It kept them alive and healthy. It was, in essence, their salvation and preserved their lives from death at the hands of a typhus epidemic. Krakow's Institute of Forensic Research analyzed Auschwitz's delousing chambers and boldly reported, “The result is a confirmation of the fact that in these rooms of Block 3, preparations of hydrogen cyanide such as in Zyklon B were used for disinfection.”

To reiterate an earlier point, the National Archives in Washington, D.C. confirm that equal case lots (six each) of Zyklon B were shipped to Auschwitz in Poland and the Oranienburg camp in Germany. Again, not a single historian has ever claimed that even one homicidal gassing occurred at Oranienburg. So, why would they receive the exact same amount of Zyklon B as Auschwitz, where mass murders supposedly transpired by the millions?

Because no exterminations via poison took place at Auschwitz, or anywhere else for that matter at Nazi hands, Zyklon B was an insecticide that German records clearly identified as being used to delouse clothes, mattresses and personal items. German

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records also chronicle the purchase of gassing equipment needed to construct disinfecting chambers, not extermination rooms.

Now, if anyone actually inspected the various work camps, they'd quickly realize that the delousing chambers (i.e., for clothes, bedding etc.) were much too small to slaughter Jews by the thousands. These disinfection rooms—as opposed to fake death quarters—were sealed airtight before green cans containing Zyklon B were emptied inside them.

Interestingly, prior to WW II, Zyklon B had been sold on the world market as, of all things, a premier insecticide used for pest control; exactly like its function inside the German-controlled work camps. Similarly, the bureaucratic entity inside Germany's government that ordered Zyklon B was named the *Referat für Schadlingsbekämpfung*. Translated, these words mean Pest Control Office.

To continue this line of reasoning, Allied forces, including the U.S., also suffered a lice/typhus outbreak during the war. But instead of using Zyklon B as the Germans did, they implemented a new chemical called DDT.

To illustrate how ludicrous the “Zyklon B as an agent of mass extermination” story is, all one needs to do is examine the supposed gas chamber at Majdanek where photos actually show unbarred windows where Jews were allegedly killed. Similarly, the fumigation rooms at Auschwitz are never shown to visitors during their tours.

Yes, at Auschwitz, special buildings specifically designed to delouse clothes and mattresses still stand. Inside them during WW II were machines that intro-

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duced and circulated Zyklon B, along with exhaust fans that then safely removed the toxic gasses once fumigations had ended.

Finally, let's be clear: Dr. William Lindsey, an esteemed chemist, stated definitively that Zyklon B was used to not only *sustain* the lives of Jewish workers, but that SS members were also subjected to the Zyklon B delousing process. Zyklon B was never, ever used to end human life. Rather, it protected people, maintained their health, and prevented them from dying horrible deaths from typhus.